INSTRUMENT & ARTICLES OF GOVERNMENT

(Approved by the Governing Body on 24 July 2013 – effective from 1 August 2013)

(Amended 21 October 2014 and 18 March 2020)

INSTRUMENT

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Interpretation of the terms used

1. In this Instrument of Government—
   
   (a) any reference to “the Principal” shall include a person acting as Principal;
   
   (b) “the Clerk” means the Clerk to the Corporation;
   
   (c) “the Corporation” means the further education corporation established under the name of “Wirral Metropolitan College”;
   
   (d) “the institution” means Wirral Metropolitan College and any institution for the time being conducted by the Corporation in exercise of its powers under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992;
   
   (e) “this Instrument” means this Instrument of Government;
   
   (f) “meeting” includes a meeting at which the members attending are present in more than one room, provided that by the use of video or telephone-conferencing facilities it is possible for every person present at the meeting to communicate with each other;
   
   (g) “necessary skills” means skills and experience, other than professional qualifications, specified by the Corporation as appropriate for members to have;
   
   (h) “parent member”, “staff member” and “student member” have the meanings given to them in clause 2;
   
   (i) “the Secretary of State” means the Secretary of State for Business, Innovation and Skills or any successor body from time to time;
   
   (j) “staff matters” means the remuneration, conditions of service, promotion, conduct, suspension, dismissal or retirement of staff;
   
   (k) “the students’ union” means any association of students formed to further the educational purposes of the institution and the interests of students, as students;
(l) a “variable category” means any category of members whose numbers may vary according to clauses 2 and 3.

Composition of the Corporation

2(1) The Corporation shall consist of—

(a) up to sixteen members who appear to the Corporation to have the necessary skills to ensure that the Corporation carries out its functions under article 3 of the Articles of Government;

(b) not more than two members, who are parents of students under the age of 19 years attending the institution, who have been nominated and elected by other parents, or if the Corporation so decides, by a recognised association representing parents ("parent members");

(c) the Principal of the institution, unless the Principal chooses not to be a member;

(d) two members who are members of the institution’s staff and have a contract of employment with the institution and who have been nominated and elected as set out in paragraph 3 ("staff members"); and

(e) one member who is a student at the institution and has been nominated in accordance with standing orders made under article 20 of the Articles of Government ("student member").

2(2) A person who is not for the time being enrolled as a student at the institution, shall nevertheless be treated as a student during any period of authorised absence from the institution for study, travel or for carrying out the duties of any office held by that person in the institution’s students’ union.

2(3) One staff governor shall be a member of the academic staff, nominated and elected only by academic staff and the other shall be a member of the non-academic staff, nominated and elected only by non-academic staff.

2(4) The appointing authority, as set out in clause 4, will decide whether a person is eligible for nomination, election and appointment as a member of the Corporation under paragraph 2(1).

Determination of membership numbers

3(1) The number of members of the Corporation and the number of members of each variable category shall be that decided by the Corporation.

3(2) The Corporation may at any time vary the determination referred to in paragraph 3(1) and any subsequent determination under this paragraph.

3(3) Any determination under paragraphs 3(1) or 3(2) must be such that—

(a) the number of members of the Corporation shall not be less than twelve or more than twenty; and

(b) the numbers of members of each variable category shall be subject to the limit which applies to that category set out in clause 2.

3(4) No determination under this clause shall terminate the appointment of any person who is already a member of the Corporation at the time when the determination is made.

Appointment of the members of the Corporation

4(1) Subject to paragraph 4(2) the Corporation is the appointing authority in relation to the appointment of its members.

4(2) If the number of members falls below the number needed for a quorum, the Secretary of State is the appointing authority in relation to the appointment of those members needed for a quorum.
The appointing authority may decline to appoint a person as a member if—

(a) it is satisfied that the person has been removed from office as a member of a further education corporation in the previous ten years; or

(b) the appointment of the person would contravene any standing orders made under article 20 of the Articles of Government concerning the number of terms of office which a person may serve, provided that such standing orders make the same provision for each category of members appointed by the appointing authority; or

(c) the person is ineligible to be a member of the corporation because of clause 7.

Where the office of any member becomes vacant the appointing authority shall as soon as practicable take all necessary steps to appoint a new member to fill the vacancy.

Appointment of the Chair and Vice-Chair

The members of the Corporation shall appoint a Chair and a Vice-Chair from among themselves.

Neither the Principal nor any staff or student member shall be eligible to be appointed as Chair or Vice-Chair or to act as Chair in their absence.

If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent from any meeting of the Corporation, the members present shall choose someone from among themselves to act as Chair for that meeting.

The Chair and Vice-Chair shall hold office for such period as the Corporation decides.

The Chair or Vice-Chair may resign from office at any time by giving notice in writing to the Clerk.

If the Corporation is satisfied that the Chair is unfit or unable to carry out the functions of office, it may give written notice, removing the Chair from office and the office shall then be vacant.

If the Corporation is satisfied that the Vice-Chair is unfit or unable to carry out the functions of office, it may give written notice, removing the Vice-Chair from office and the office shall then be vacant.

Before the end of the term of office of the Chair, or at the first meeting following the Chair’s resignation or removal from office, the members shall appoint a replacement from among themselves.

Before the end of the term of office of the Vice-Chair, or at the first meeting following the Vice-Chair’s resignation or removal from office, the members shall appoint a replacement from among themselves.

At the end of their respective terms of office, the Chair and Vice-Chair shall be eligible for reappointment.

Paragraph 5(10) is subject to any standing order made by the Corporation under Article 20 of the Articles of Government concerning the number of terms of office which a person may serve.

Appointment of the Clerk to the Corporation

The Corporation shall appoint a person to serve as its Clerk, but the Principal may not be appointed as Clerk.

In the temporary absence of the Clerk, the Corporation shall appoint a person to serve as a temporary Clerk, but the Principal may not be appointed as temporary Clerk.

Any reference in this Instrument to the Clerk shall include a temporary Clerk appointed under paragraph 6(2).
6(4) Subject to clause 10, the Clerk shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Corporation and any of its committees.

6(5) The Clerk may also be a member of staff at the institution.

**Persons who are ineligible to be members**

7(1) No one under the age of 18 years may be a member, except as a student member.

7(2) The Clerk may not be a member.

7(3) A person who is a member of staff of the institution may not be, or continue as, a member, except as a staff member or in the capacity of Principal.

7(4) Paragraph 7(3) does not apply to a student who is employed by the Corporation.

7(5) Subject to paragraphs 7(6), 7(7) and 7(8), a person shall be disqualified from holding, or from continuing to hold, office as a member, if that person has been adjudged bankrupt, or is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order, an interim bankruptcy restrictions order, or a bankruptcy restrictions undertaking within the meaning of the Insolvency Act 1986, or if that person has made a composition or arrangement with creditors, including an individual voluntary arrangement.

7(6) Where a person is disqualified by reason of having been adjudged bankrupt or by reason of being the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order, an interim bankruptcy restrictions order or a bankruptcy restrictions undertaking, that disqualification shall cease

   (a) on that person’s discharge from bankruptcy, unless the bankruptcy order has before then been annulled; or

   (b) if the bankruptcy order is annulled, at the date of that annulment; or

   (c) if the bankruptcy restrictions order is rescinded as a result of an application under section 375 of the Insolvency Act 1986, on the date so ordered by the court; or

   (d) if the interim bankruptcy restrictions order is discharged by the court, on the date of that discharge; or

   (e) if the bankruptcy restrictions undertaking is annulled, at the date of that annulment.

7(7) Where a person is disqualified by reason of having made a composition or arrangement with creditors, including an individual voluntary arrangement, and then pays the debts in full, the disqualification shall cease on the date on which the payment is completed and in any other case it shall cease on the expiration of three years from the date on which the terms of the deed of composition, arrangement or individual voluntary arrangement are fulfilled.

7(8) Subject to paragraph 7(9), a person shall be disqualified from holding, or from continuing to hold, office as a member if—

   (a) within the previous five years that person has been convicted, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, of any offence and has received a sentence of imprisonment, whether suspended or not, for a period of three months or more, without the option of a fine; or

   (b) within the previous twenty years that person has been convicted as set out in sub-paragraph (a) and has received a sentence of imprisonment, whether suspended or not, for a period of more than two and a half years; or

   (c) that person has at any time been convicted as set out in sub-paragraph (a) and has received a sentence of imprisonment, whether suspended or not, of more than five years.

7(9) For the purpose of this regulation there shall be disregarded any conviction by or before a court outside the United Kingdom for an offence in respect of conduct which, if it had taken place in the United Kingdom, would not have constituted an offence under the law then in force anywhere in the United Kingdom.
Upon a member of the Corporation becoming disqualified from continuing to hold office under paragraphs 7(5), 7(6), 7(7) or 7(8), the member shall immediately give notice of that fact to the Clerk.

The term of office of a member

A member of the Corporation shall hold and vacate office in accordance with the terms of the appointment, but the length of the term of office shall not exceed four years.

Members retiring at the end of their term of office shall be eligible for reappointment, and clause 4 shall apply to the reappointment of a member as it does to the appointment of a member.

Paragraph 8(2) is subject to any standing order made by the Corporation under article 20 of the Articles of Government concerning the number of terms of office which a person may serve.

Termination of membership

A member may resign from office at any time by giving notice in writing to the Clerk.

If at any time the Corporation is satisfied that any member –

(a) is unfit or unable to discharge the functions of a member or that it is not in the best interests of the Corporation for the member to continue to hold office; or

(b) has been absent from meetings of the Corporation for a period longer than six consecutive months without the permission of the Corporation,

the Corporation may by notice in writing to that member remove the member from office and the office shall then be vacant.

If at any time the Corporation is satisfied that it is not in the best interests of the Corporation for a member to continue in active office for any reason (including but not limited to pending the outcome of an investigation, whether internal or external) the Corporation may by notice in writing to that member suspend the member from office until further notice and, during that period of suspension, the member shall not be entitled to attend any meeting of the Corporation or its committees

Any person who is a member of the Corporation by virtue of being a member of the staff at the institution, including the Principal, shall cease to hold office upon ceasing to be a member of the staff and the office shall then be vacant.

A student member shall cease to hold office—

(a) at the end of the student’s final academic year, or at such other time in the year after ceasing to be a student as the Corporation may decide; or

(b) if expelled from the institution,

and the office shall then be vacant.

Members not to hold interests in matters relating to the institution

A member to whom paragraph 10(2) applies shall –

(a) disclose to the Corporation the nature and extent of the interest; and

(b) if present at a meeting of the Corporation, or of any of its committees, at which such supply, contract or other matter as is mentioned in paragraph 10(2) is to be considered, not take part in the consideration or vote on any question with respect to it and not be counted in the quorum present at the meeting in relation to a resolution on which that member is not entitled to vote; and
(c) withdraw, if present at a meeting of the Corporation, or any of its committees, at which such supply, contract or other matter as is mentioned in paragraph 10(2) is to be considered, where required to do so by a majority of the members of the Corporation or committee present at the meeting.

10(2) This paragraph applies to a member who—

(a) has any financial interest in—

(i) the supply of work to the institution, or the supply of goods for the purposes of the institution;

(ii) any contract or proposed contract concerning the institution; or

(ii) any other matter relating to the institution; or

(b) has any other interest of a type specified by the Corporation in any matter relating to the institution.

10(3) This clause shall not prevent the members considering and voting upon proposals for the Corporation to insure them against liabilities incurred by them arising out of their office or the Corporation obtaining such insurance and paying the premium.

10(4) Where the matter under consideration by the Corporation or any of its committees relates to the pay and conditions of all staff, or all staff in a particular class, a staff member—

(a) need not disclose a financial interest; and

(b) may take part in the consideration of the matter, vote on any question with respect to it and count towards the quorum present at that meeting, provided that in so doing, the staff member acts in the best interests of the Corporation as a whole and does not seek to represent the interests of any other person or body, but

(c) shall withdraw from the meeting if the matter is under negotiation with staff and the staff member is representing any of the staff concerned in those negotiations.

10(5) The Clerk shall maintain a register of the interests of the members which have been disclosed and the register shall be made available during normal office hours at the institution to any person wishing to inspect it.

10(6) Every member shall act in the best interests of the Board and shall not be bound to speak or vote by mandates given by any other body or person.

Quorum

11. Meetings of the Corporation shall be quorate if the number of members present is at least 40% of the total number of members, determined according to clause 3.

Attendance at Meetings by Electronic Methods

12(1) Governors may participate in a Board or committee meeting via electronic communication, provided that the Clerk is informed at least 5 working days prior to the meeting (to enable the necessary arrangements to be made) and that the respective chair gives their consent.

12(2) Any governor using the facility set out in paragraph 12(1) will be counted in the quorum and their attendance will be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Written Resolutions

13(1) In addition to the provisions set out under paragraph 12, the Corporation and its committees may also adopt resolutions in writing without any meeting taking place ("remote written resolutions").
13 (2) A remote written resolution shall be as effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held provided that:

(a) a copy of the proposed remote written resolution has been sent to all the members of the Corporation or the relevant committee entitled to attend and vote on the matter; and

(b) within 10 working days of the date that the remote written resolution was issued to all the members of the Corporation or the relevant committee under paragraph 13(2)(a), such number of members of the Corporation or the relevant committee as required if the remote written resolution had been proposed at a meeting of the Corporation or of the relevant committee have approved the remote written resolution.

(c) Members of the Corporation will be asked to confirm their agreement or disagreement to the remote written resolution.

(d) If, under 13(2)(b) and 13(2)(c), any member(s) of the Corporation decide not to approve the remote written resolution, a formal meeting will be called to discuss the item further.

13(3) The remote written resolution will usually be served via e-mail and will be deemed to have been issued to members of the Corporation on the date that it was sent to their last known e-mail address.

13(4) The adoption of the remote written resolutions shall be noted at the next meeting of the Corporation or the relevant committee and the Clerk shall include these in the minutes of that meeting to ensure that they are included in the formal record.

Copies of the Instrument of Government

14. A copy of this Instrument shall be given free of charge to every member of the Corporation and at a charge not exceeding the cost of copying or free of charge to any other person who so requests a copy, and shall be available for inspection at the institution upon request, during normal office hours, to every member of staff and every student.

Change of name of the Corporation

15. The Corporation may change its name with the approval of the Secretary of State.

Application of the seal

16. The application of the seal of the Corporation shall be authenticated by—

(a) the signature of either the Chair or of some other member authorised either generally or specially by the Corporation to act for that purpose; and

(b) the signature of any other member.
ARTICLES

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Interpretation of the terms used

1. In these Articles of Government—

(a) any reference to “the Principal” shall include a person acting as Principal;
(b) “the Articles” means these Articles of Government;
(c) “Chair” and “Vice-Chair” mean respectively the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Corporation appointed under clause 5 of the Instrument of Government;
(d) “the Clerk” has the same meaning as in the Instrument of Government;
(e) “the Corporation” has the same meaning as in the Instrument of Government;
(f) “the CE of Skills Funding” means the Chief Executive of Skills Funding or any successor body from time to time;
(g) “parent member”, “staff member” and “student member” have the same meanings as in the Instrument of Government;
(h) “the Secretary of State” means the Secretary of State for Business, Innovation, and Skills;
(i) “senior post” means the post of Principal and such other senior posts as the Corporation may decide for the purposes of these Articles;
(j) “the staff” means all the staff who have a contract of employment with the institution;
(k) “the students’ union” has the same meaning as in the Instrument of Government.

Conduct of the institution

2. The institution shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument of Government, these Articles, any standing orders made under these Articles.

Responsibilities of the Corporation, the Principal and the Clerk

3(1) The Corporation shall be responsible for the following functions—
(a) the determination and periodic review of the educational character and mission of the institution and the oversight of its activities;

(b) publishing arrangements for obtaining the views of staff and students on the determination and periodic review of the educational character and mission of the institution and the oversight of its activities;

(c) approving the quality strategy of the institution;

(d) the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the Corporation and safeguarding their assets;

(e) approving annual estimates of income and expenditure;

(f) the appointment, grading, suspension, dismissal and determination of the pay and conditions of service of the holders of senior posts and the Clerk, including, where the Clerk is, or is to be appointed as, a member of staff, the Clerk’s appointment, grading, suspension, dismissal and determination of pay in the capacity of a member of staff; and

(g) setting a framework for the pay and conditions of service of all other staff.

3(2) Subject to the responsibilities of the Corporation, the Principal shall be the Chief Executive of the institution, and shall be responsible for the following functions-

(a) making proposals to the Corporation about the educational character and mission of the institution and implementing the decisions of the Corporation;

(b) the determination of the institution’s academic and other activities;

(c) preparing annual estimates of income and expenditure for consideration and approval by the Corporation, and the management of budget and resources within the estimates approved by the Corporation;

(d) the organisation, direction and management of the institution and leadership of the staff;

(e) the appointment, assignment, grading, appraisal, suspension, dismissal and determination, within the framework set by the Corporation, of the pay and conditions of service of staff, other than the holders of senior posts or the Clerk, where the Clerk is also a member of the staff; and

(f) maintaining student discipline and suspending or expelling students on disciplinary grounds or expelling students for academic reasons.

3(3) The Clerk shall be responsible for the following functions: -

(a) advising the Corporation with regard to the operation of its powers;

(b) advising the Corporation with regard to procedural matters;

(c) advising the Corporation with regard to the conduct of its business; and

(d) advising the Corporation with regard to matters of governance practice.

The establishment of committees and delegation of functions generally

4(1) The Corporation may establish committees for any purpose or function, other than those assigned in these Articles to the Principal or Clerk and may delegate powers to-

(a) such committees;

(b) the Chair, or in the Chair’s absence, the Vice-Chair; or

(c) the Principal.
4(2) The number of members of a committee and the terms on which they are to hold and to vacate office, shall be decided by the Corporation.

4(3) The Corporation may also establish committees under collaboration arrangements made with other further education institutions or maintained schools (or with both), and such joint committees shall be subject to any regulations made under section 166 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 governing such arrangements.

The Governance & Search Committee

5(1) The Corporation shall establish a committee, to be known as the “Governance & Search Committee”, to advise on—

(a) the appointment of members (other than as a parent, staff or student member); and

(b) such other matters relating to membership and appointments as the Corporation may ask it to.

5(2) The Corporation shall not appoint any person as a member (other than as a parent, staff or student member) without first consulting and considering the advice of the Governance & Search Committee.

5(3) The Corporation may make rules specifying the way in which the Governance & Search Committee is to be conducted. A copy of these rules, together with the Governance & Search Committee’s terms of reference and its advice to the Corporation, other than any advice which the Corporation is satisfied should be dealt with on a confidential basis, shall be published on the institution’s website and shall be made available for inspection at the institution by any person during normal office hours.

5(4) The Corporation shall review regularly all material excluded from inspection under paragraph 5(3) and shall make any such material available for inspection where it is satisfied that the reason for dealing with the matter on a confidential basis no longer applies, or where it considers that the public interest in disclosure outweighs that reason.

The Audit Committee

6(1) The Corporation shall establish a committee, to be known as the “Audit Committee”, to advise on matters relating to the Corporation’s audit arrangements and systems of internal control.

6(2) The Audit Committee shall consist of at least three persons and may include members of staff at the institution with the exception of those in senior posts and shall operate in accordance with any requirements of the CE of Skills Funding.

Composition of committees

7. Any committee established by the Corporation, other than the committee referred to in article 10, may include persons who are not members of the Corporation.

Access to committees by non-members and publication of minutes

8. The Corporation shall ensure that:—

(a) a written statement of its policy regarding attendance at committee meetings by persons who are not committee members; and

(b) the minutes of committee meetings, if they have been approved by the Chair of the meeting, are published on the institution’s website and made available for inspection at the institution by any person, during normal office hours.
Delegable and non-delegable functions

9. The Corporation shall not delegate the following functions—

(a) the determination of the educational character and mission of the institution;
(b) the approval of the annual estimates of income and expenditure;
(c) the responsibility for ensuring the solvency of the institution and the Corporation and for safeguarding their assets;
(d) the appointment of the Principal or holder of a senior post;
(e) the appointment of the Clerk, (including, where the Clerk is, or is to be, appointed as a member of staff the Clerk’s appointment in the capacity of a member of staff); and
(f) the modification or revocation of these Articles.

10(1) The Corporation may not delegate—

(a) the consideration of the case for dismissal, and
(b) the power to determine an appeal in connection with the dismissal of the Principal, the Clerk or the holder of a senior post, other than to a committee of members of the Corporation.

10(2) The Corporation shall make rules specifying the way in which a committee having functions under paragraph 10(1) shall be established and conducted.

11. The Principal may delegate functions to the holder of any other senior post other than—

(a) the management of budget and resources; and
(b) any functions that have been delegated to the Principal by the Corporation.

Appointment and promotion of staff

12(1) Where there is a vacancy or expected vacancy in a senior post, the Corporation shall—

(a) decide whether to advertise the vacancy nationally; and
(b) appoint a selection panel consisting of—

(i) at least five members of the Corporation including the Chair or the Vice-Chair or both, where the vacancy is for the post of Principal; or
(ii) the Principal and at least three other members of the Corporation, where the vacancy is for any other senior post.

12(2) The members of the selection panel shall—

(a) decide on the arrangements for selecting the applicants for interview;
(b) interview the applicants; and
(c) where they consider it appropriate to do so, recommend to the Corporation for appointment one of the applicants they have interviewed.

12(3) If the Corporation approves the recommendation of the selection panel, that person shall be appointed.
12(4) If the members of the selection panel are unable to agree on a person to recommend to the Corporation, or if the Corporation does not approve their recommendation, the Corporation may make an appointment itself of a person from amongst those interviewed, or it may require the panel to repeat the steps specified in paragraph 12(2), with or without first re-advertising the vacancy.

12(5) Where there is a vacancy in a senior post or where the holder of a senior post is temporarily absent, until that post is filled or the absent post holder returns, a member of staff—

(a) may be required to act as Principal or in the place of any other senior post holder; and

(b) if so required, shall have all the duties and responsibilities of the Principal or such other senior post holder during the period of the vacancy or temporary absence.

13. The Principal shall have responsibility for selecting for appointment all members of staff other than—

(a) senior post holders; and

(b) where the Clerk is also to be appointed as a member of staff, the Clerk in the role of a member of staff.

Rules relating to the conduct of staff

14. After consultation with the staff, the Corporation shall make rules relating to their conduct.

Academic freedom

15. In making rules under article 14, the Corporation shall have regard to the need to ensure that academic staff at the institution have freedom within the law to question and test received wisdom, and to put forward new ideas and controversial or unpopular opinions, without putting themselves at risk of losing their jobs or any privileges which they may enjoy at the institution.

Grievance, suspension and disciplinary procedures

16(1) After consultation with staff, the Corporation shall make rules setting out

(a) grievance procedures for all staff;

(b) procedures for the suspension of all staff; and

(c) disciplinary and dismissal procedures for

(i) senior post-holders, and

(ii) staff other than senior post holders

and such procedures shall be subject to the provisions of articles 3(1)(f), 3(2)(e), 9(d), 9(e), 10 and 17.

16(2) Any rules made under paragraph 16(1)(b) shall include provision that where a person has been suspended without pay, any appeal against such suspension shall be heard and action taken in a timely manner.

16(3) Any rules made under paragraph 16(1)(c)(i) shall include provision that where the Corporation considers that it may be appropriate to dismiss a person, a preliminary investigation shall be conducted to examine and determine the case for dismissal.

Suspension and dismissal of the Clerk

17(1) Where the Clerk is also a member of staff at the institution, the Clerk is to be treated as a senior post holder for the purposes of article 16(1)(c).

17(2) Where the Clerk is suspended or dismissed under article 16, that suspension or dismissal shall not affect the position of the Clerk in the separate role of Clerk to the Corporation.
Students

18(1) Any students’ union shall conduct and manage its own affairs and funds in accordance with a constitution approved by the Corporation and no amendment to, or rescission of, that constitution, in part or in whole, shall be valid unless approved by the Corporation.

18(2) The students’ union shall present audited accounts annually to the Corporation.

Financial matters

19. The Corporation shall set the policy by which the tuition and other fees payable to it are determined, subject to any terms and conditions attached to grants, loans or other payments paid or made by the CE of Skills Funding.

Standing Orders

20. The Corporation shall have the power to make standing orders relating to the government and conduct of the institution and these standing orders shall be subject to the provisions of the Instrument of Government and these Articles.

Copies of Articles of Government and Standing Orders

21. A copy of these Articles, and of any standing orders, shall be given free of charge to every member of the Corporation and at a charge not exceeding the cost of copying or free of charge, to any other person who requests a copy and shall be available for inspection at the institution upon request, during normal office hours, to every member of staff and every student.

Modification or replacement of the Instrument and Articles of Government

22(1) Subject to paragraph 22(2), the Corporation may by resolution of the members modify or replace its instrument and articles of government, after consultation with any other persons who, in the Corporation’s view, are likely to be affected by the proposed changes.

22(2) The Corporation shall not make changes to the instrument and articles of government that would result in the body ceasing to be a charity.

22(3) No resolution may be made under paragraph 22(1) at a meeting of the Corporation unless consideration of the replacement or amendment of the Instrument & Articles is a specific item of business on the agenda for that meeting and the resolution to approve the replacement or amendment is supported by an absolute majority of governors holding office on the date of the meeting.

Dissolution of the Corporation

23(1) The Corporation may by resolution dissolve itself and provide for the transfer of its property, rights and liabilities.

23(2) The Corporation shall ensure that a copy of the draft resolution to dissolve the corporation on a specified date shall be published at least one month before the proposed date of such resolution.